

## Control / Residential / Suppression Mode Sprinklers

Automatic sprinkler protection is recommended for industrial and other buildings having combustible construction or combustible occupancies.

There are many FM Approved types of automatic sprinklers. Typical examples include: upright, pendent, flush, recessed, concealed, sidewall, dry-pendent, dry-upright, extended coverage, corrosion resistant, and rack storage.

A sprinkler operates automatically when the heat-actuated element is heated to, or above, its thermal rating.

Selection of the proper temperature rating for automatic sprinklers is important. The proper rating provides a factor of safety designed to prevent premature operation. The rating should be selected from the following table:

### TEMPERATURE RATINGS OF SPRINKLERS

Rating	Max Temperature at Sprinkler Level	Rated Temperature of Sprinkler	Frame Color
Ordinary	100°F (38°C)	135° through 170°F (57° through 77°C)	Unpainted*
Intermediate	150°F (66°C)	175° through 225°F (79° through 107°C)	White
High	225°F (107°C)	250° through 300°F (121° through 149°C)	Blue
Extra High	300°F (149°C)	325° through 375°F (163° through 191°C)	Red
Very Extra High	365°F (185°C)	400° through 475°F (204° through 246°C)	Green
Ultra High	475°F (246°C)	500° through 575°F (260° through 302°C)	Orange
Ultra High	625°F (329°C)	650°F(343°C)	Orange/Tag

\*Some manufacturers paint the frame arms of 135°F (57°C) sprinklers black.

Sprinklers of "very extra high" and "ultra high" ratings are primarily used for internal protection of chambers such as ovens and dryers having working temperatures above 300°F (149°C). When the sprinklers are normally heated to the working temperature of the oven or dryer, under accidental fire conditions they will operate fast enough for safe protection. However, when the sprinklers are initially at the same temperature as a cold oven or dryer, operation may be so severely retarded that the oven or dryer is virtually without internal sprinkler protection.

Specially coated sprinklers are available for use where corrosion resistance is desired and decorative coated or plated sprinklers are available for areas where improved appearance is desired. For corrosion resistance, wax is satisfactory except in extreme atmospheres. Wax has too low a melting point for higher temperature rated sprinklers, whereas a bituminous coating affords some protection. A lead coating protects against certain mild corrosive atmospheres. Wax-over-lead provides good sprinkler protection. Corrosion resistant sprinklers such as those manufactured from stainless steel or other corrosion resistant materials currently afford the best available protection. Common decorative finishes are bright brass, chrome, paint, or polyester coating. These finishes are for decorative purposes only and are not FM Approved for corrosion resistance.

Only sprinklers supplied by the listed manufacturers are FM Approved. Any change in the device after it leaves the manufacturer voids the Approval. Coated, plated and painted sprinklers rated above 165°F (74°C) have the standard temperature color code either on the frame arms or on the compression screws, except in the case of bulb type decorative coated sprinklers in which the bulb fluid color indicates the temperature rating per the following table:

Temperature Rating °F (°C)	Bulb Color Code
135° (57°)	Orange

155° (68°)	Red
175° (79°)	Yellow
200° 225° (93° , 107° )	Green
250°, 286° (121°, 141°)	Blue
325°, 360° (162°, 182°)	Mauve
400°-650° (204°-343°)	Black

When selecting a specific type of sprinkler, refer to the FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheets to ensure that the sprinkler selected is capable of providing adequate fire protection for the intended occupancy. In addition, working plans of proposed layouts, showing all details with respect to location of sprinklers and piping, description of the occupancy and details of construction, should be sent to your insurance company for review before the materials are fabricated. The plans will be accepted or changes will be recommended to assure that the work will be done according to the best practice and to avoid the possibility of later requests for change

Unless otherwise noted, automatic sprinkler system components have a rated working pressure of 175 psi (12.1 bar).

In this section, the following conventions are used:

The sprinkler nominal discharge coefficient (K-factor) is expressed in US customary units of gal/min/(psi)<sup>1/2</sup> .

Following is a cross reference of standard US vs. Metric K-factors for FM Approved sprinklers

<b>Nominal K-factor [gal/min (psi)<sup>1/2</sup>]</b>	<b>Metric K-factor [l/min (bar)<sup>1/2</sup>]</b>
2.8	40
5.6	80
8.0	115
11.2	160
14.0	200
16.8	240
19.6	280
22.4	325
25.2	365

Residential sprinklers are Approved in non-standard K-factors as follows:

<b>Nominal K-factor [gpm/(psi)<sup>1/2</sup>]</b>	<b>Metric K-factor [lpm/(bar)<sup>1/2</sup>]</b>
3.8	55
5.8	84

6.9

99

Sprinkler response categories are abbreviated as follows:

SR	Standard Response
QR	Quick Response
FR	Suppression Mode Fast Response

Heat responsive elements are identified as either **Fusible** or, in the case of bulb type elements, with the nominal bulb diameter in millimeters (e.g., 2.5 mm, 3 mm, etc.)

Nominal thread sizes are expressed using American National Standard Taper Pipe Threads (NPT). Sprinklers intended for sale outside the United States shall have threads which are in compliance with other national or international standards as permitted at the sole discretion of FM Approvals.

Sprinkler finishes are identified as follows:

<i>Finish</i>	<i>Description</i>
Brass	Unfinished, Plain Brass or Bronze
Chrome	Chrome Plated
Black Plated	Black Plated
Bright Brass	Bright Brass Plated
Zinc	Zinc Plated
NICOTEF	Nickel-Teflon Coated
Lead	Lead Coated (for extra corrosion protection in some atmospheres)
Wax	Wax Coated (for extra corrosion protection in some atmospheres)
Wax Over Lead	Wax Over Lead Coated (for extra corrosion protection in some atmospheres)
Wax Over Polyester	Wax Over Polyester Coated (for extra corrosion protection in some atmospheres)
Polyester	Polyester Coated (any color)
Painted	Painted (any color)

Sprinkler nominal temperature ratings are expressed in degrees Fahrenheit (°F) followed by the equivalent in degrees Celsius (°C).

### K5.6 (K80 metric) Standard Spray Sprinklers

Control mode standard spray sprinklers have deflectors specially designed to discharge water in all directions below the plane of the deflector. Thus, the spray pattern is roughly that of a half sphere filled with water spray. Little or no water is discharged upward to wet the ceiling. Upright control mode sprinklers are not intended for use in the pendent position. FM Approved pendent control mode sprinklers are required. Control mode automatic sprinklers with a nominal discharge coefficient of  $5.6 \text{ gal/min}/(\text{psi})^{1/2}$  are similar to control mode sprinklers with a nominal discharge coefficient of  $2.8 \text{ gal/min}/(\text{psi})^{1/2}$ , except that they discharge 100% more water at the same discharge pressure.

### K5.6 (K80 metric) Upright (Class 2016)

#### AZ1010

<b>Company Name:</b>	Haci Ayvaz Endüstriyel Mamülleri San. ve Tic. A.S.
<b>Company Address:</b>	Atatürk Sanayi Bölgesi Mustafa Inan Cad. No: 44, 34555 Hadimköy-Istanbul, Turkey
<b>Company Website:</b>	<a href="http://www.ayvaz.com">http://www.ayvaz.com</a>
<b>New/Updated Product Listing:</b>	No

<b>Class of Work:</b>	2016-AS, Control Mode, Upright
<b>Listing Country:</b>	Turkey
<b>Sprinkler Category:</b>	Control Mode
<b>K:</b>	5.6
<b>Type:</b>	Upright
<b>Response:</b>	SR - Standard Response
<b>Element:</b>	5 mm
<b>NPT (in.):</b>	1/2
<b>Finish:</b>	Brass, Chrome
<b>Temp. Rating (°F):</b>	135, 155, 200
<b>Temp. Rating (°C):</b>	57, 68, 93
<b>Certification Type:</b>	FM Approved